

Form of certificate prescribed by the
International Sanitary Regulations
and supplied, for completion in the United Kingdom only, by the
MINISTRY OF HEALTH, LONDON
Department of Health for Scotland, Edinburgh
Ministry of Health and Local Government, Belfast

INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATE OF VACCINATION
OR REVACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX
CERTIFICAT INTERNATIONAL DE VACCINATION
OU DE REVACCINATION CONTRE LA VARIOLE

This is to certify that
Je soussigné(e) certifie que

name
nom

Wanda POZNANSKA

date of birth
né(e) le

23 July 1898

sex
sexe

F

whose signature follows
dont la signature suit

Wanda Poznanska

has on the date indicated overleaf been vaccinated or revaccinated
against smallpox.

*a été vacciné(e) ou revacciné(e) contre la variole à la date indiquée
au verso.*

IMPORTANT: See the Rules and Notes on the back.
This certificate, if folded along the central vertical line, can be
kept in a passport (with a rubber band).

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IMPORTANT: See the Rules and Notes Overleaf

Date	Show by "X" whether— Indiquer par "X" s'il s'agit de—	Signature and professional status of vaccinator Signature et qualité professionnelle du vaccinateur	Approved stamp Cachet d'authentification
1 Primary Vaccination (1st attempt) Primovaccination (1er essai)			1
(a)	performed effectuée	(a)	(a)
(b)	read as successful prise or/ou unsuccessful pas de prise	(b)	(b)
2 Primary Vaccination (2nd attempt) Primovaccination (2me essai)			2
(a)	performed effectuée	(a)	(a)
(b)	read as successful prise or/ou unsuccessful pas de prise	(b)	(b)
3 13.9.61	3 Balk No 8403 Revaccination	3 H. Kryszek Dr. H. KRYSZEK	SIGNATURE OF DOCTOR AUTHENTICATED Hastings 54 14 SEPT 1961 MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH DATE..... ST. MARYLEBONE, LONDON, W.1.
4	4 Revaccination	4	

RULES

The validity of this certificate shall extend for a period of three years, beginning eight days after the date of a successful primary vaccination or, in the event of a revaccination, on the date of that revaccination (see Note 1 below).

The approved stamp mentioned overleaf must be in a form prescribed by the health administration of the territory in which the vaccination is performed (see Note 2 below).

Any amendment of this certificate, or erasure, or failure to complete any part of it, may render it invalid.

La validité de ce certificat couvre une période de trois ans commençant huit jours après la date de la primovaccination effectuée avec succès (prise) ou, dans le cas d'une revaccination, le jour de cette revaccination.

Le cachet d'authentification doit être conforme au modèle prescrit par l'administration sanitaire du territoire où la vaccination est effectuée.

Toute correction ou rature sur le certificat ou l'omission d'une quelconque des mentions qu'il comporte peut affecter sa validité.

NOTES

1. Method of dating.

Misunderstandings have arisen as to the date of issue, and therefore the period of validity, of International Certificates of Vaccination, due to differences in national or other practice of recording dates: for example, the 10th August, 1957, may be written as 10 Aug., 1957, or Aug. 10, 1957, or 10.8.1957 or 8.10.1957.

These misunderstandings can be avoided if dates on International Certificates are always written thus:—

the day should be placed first in **Arabic numerals**;

the month should appear second in **letters**;

the year should come last in **Arabic numerals**.

The above example would then appear as "10 August, 1957."

2. Approved stamp.

Approved stamps have been prescribed for the United Kingdom. If the vaccinator is not himself an authorised user of a stamp, the person vaccinated must take or send the certificate for stamping to a Local Authority.

In England and Wales, this is the **Town Council, Urban District Council or Rural District Council**, and in Scotland the **Council of the County or large Burgh**, in whose area the vaccinator practises.

For Northern Ireland, see the Notice to Travellers issued by the Ministry of Health and Local Government, Belfast.